

3. Calc da tor

3/a $\underline{a} = (2, 4, 1), \underline{b} = (3, 6, -1)$

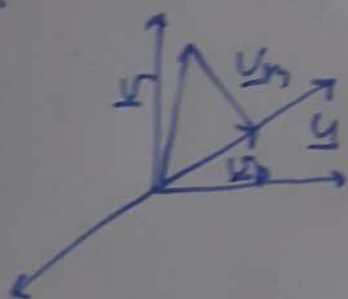
$$\cos \gamma = \frac{|\underline{a}| |\underline{b}| \cos \gamma}{|\underline{a}| |\underline{b}|} \Rightarrow \cos \gamma = \frac{\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}}{|\underline{a}| |\underline{b}|} = \frac{6+24-1}{\sqrt{21} \sqrt{46}} \Rightarrow \gamma = 21,08^\circ$$

4/a $\underline{a} \perp \underline{b} \Rightarrow \underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = 0$

$$\underline{a} = (x, 3, 1), \underline{b} = (4, 7, -5) \Rightarrow \underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = 4x + 21 - 5 = 0 \Rightarrow 4x = -16$$

$$x = -4$$

5/a



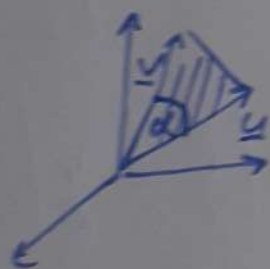
$$\underline{u}_p = \frac{\underline{u} \cdot \underline{v}}{|\underline{v}|^2} \underline{v}$$

$$\underline{u} = (6, 2, 1), \underline{v} = (4, 1, 2)$$

$$\underline{u}_p = \frac{24+2+2}{36+4+1} \underline{v} = \frac{28}{41} (6, 1, 2) = \left(\frac{168}{41}, \frac{28}{41}, \frac{56}{41} \right)$$

$$\underline{u} = \underline{u}_p + \underline{u}_m \Rightarrow \underline{u}_m = \underline{u} - \underline{u}_p = (6, 2, 1) - \left(\frac{168}{41}, \frac{28}{41}, \frac{56}{41} \right) = \left(-\frac{4}{41}, -\frac{15}{41}, \frac{5}{41} \right)$$

7/a



$$\text{Ar} = \frac{|\underline{u}| |\underline{v}| \sin \alpha}{2} = \frac{|\underline{u} \times \underline{v}|}{2}$$

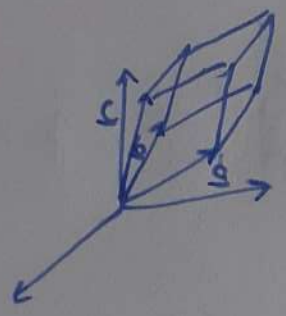
$$\underline{u} = (4, -1, 2), \underline{v} = (1, 1, 2)$$

$$\underline{u} \times \underline{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \underline{i} & \underline{j} & \underline{k} \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (-2-2, 2-8, 4-(-1)) = (-4, -6, 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ar} = \frac{\sqrt{16+36+25}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{77}}{2}$$

4. feladat

1/b



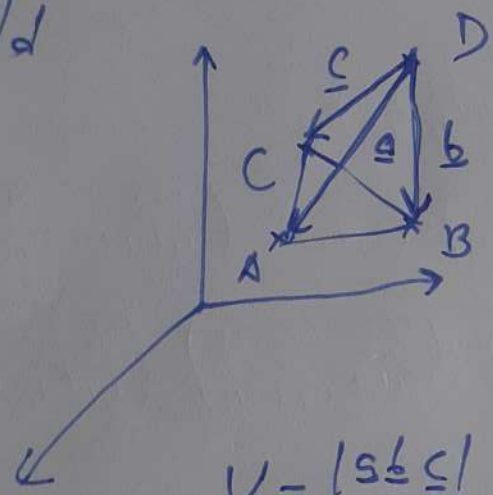
$V_{\text{parallelepipedon}} = |a \cdot b \cdot c|$

$a = (-1, -1, 3), b = (3, 2, 1), c = (1, -2, 3)$

$$s \cdot b \cdot c = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -6 - 1 - 18 - 6 - 2 - (-9) = -24$$

$\Rightarrow V = |-24| = 24$

1/d



$a = \vec{DA} = (-2, 3, -4)$

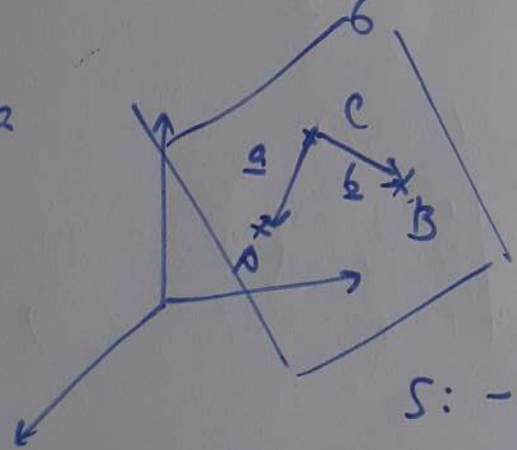
$b = \vec{DB} = (-3, 3, 1)$

$c = \vec{DC} = (-6, 1, -1)$

$$s \cdot b \cdot c = \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 3 & -4 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \\ -6 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 6 - 18 + 12 - 72 - (-2) - 9 = -79$$

$V = \frac{|s \cdot b \cdot c|}{6} = \frac{|-79|}{6} = \frac{79}{6}$

3/a



$s = \vec{CA} \times \vec{CB} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = (0-8, 16-12, 4-0) = (-8, 4, 4)$

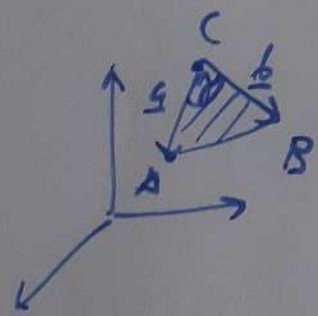
$\vec{CA} = (2, 0, 4)$

$\vec{CB} = (4, 2, 6)$

$(0-8, 16-12, 4-0) = (-8, 4, 4)$

$S: -8(x-1) + 4(y-2) + 4(z-3) = 0$
 $-8x + 4y + 4z = 12$

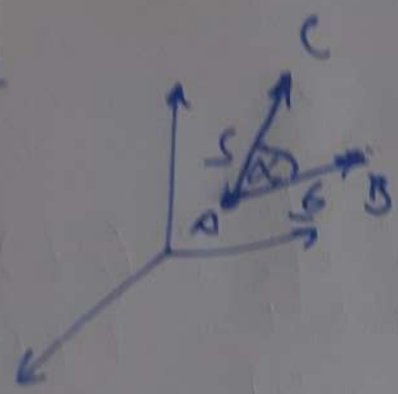
3/b



$ter = \frac{|a| |b| \sin \gamma}{2} = \frac{|a \times b|}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{64+16+16}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{96}}{2} = \sqrt{24}$

$\frac{\sqrt{96}}{2} = \sqrt{24}$

3/c



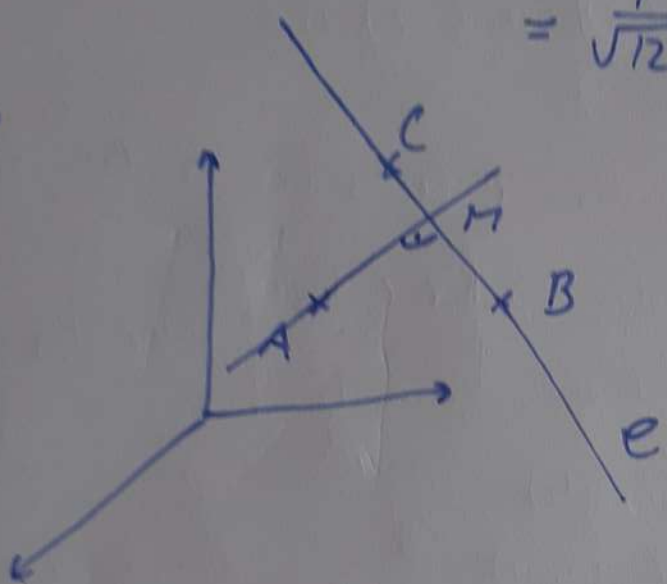
$$b = \vec{AB} = (2, 2, 2)$$

$$s = \vec{AC} = (-2, 0, -4)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{|b \cdot s|}{|b| |s|} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{b \cdot s}{|b| |s|}$$

$$= \frac{-4 + 0 - 8}{\sqrt{12} \sqrt{20}} = \frac{-12}{\sqrt{240}} \Rightarrow \alpha = 120,77^\circ$$

3/f



e irányvektora: $\vec{v}_e = \vec{BC} = (-4, -2, -6)$

e paraméteres egyenletrendszere

$$x = 3 - 4t$$

$$y = 4 - 2t \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 5 - 6t$$

Az A pontot tartalmazó l-re merőleges sík egyenlete:

$$\vec{s} = \vec{v}_e = (-4, -2, -6)$$

$$-4(x-1) - 2(y-2) - 6(z-3) = 0$$

$$-4x - 2y - 6z = -26$$

M az s és e metszete: $-4(3-4t) - 2(4-2t) - 6(5-6t) = -26$

$$56t = 24$$

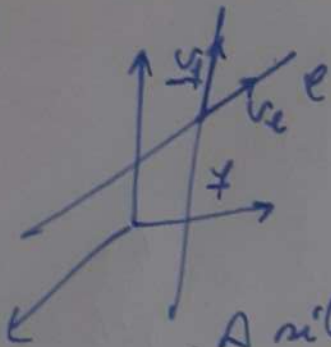
$$t = \frac{24}{56} = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow M = (3 - 4 \cdot \frac{3}{7}, 4 - 2 \cdot \frac{3}{7}, 5 - 6 \cdot \frac{3}{7}) = (\frac{9}{7}, \frac{22}{7}, \frac{17}{7})$$

$$d = |\vec{AM}| = \sqrt{(\frac{2}{7})^2 + (\frac{8}{7})^2 + (-\frac{4}{7})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{84}{49}}$$

$$\vec{AM} = (\frac{2}{7}, \frac{8}{7}, -\frac{4}{7})$$

4/c



$$\underline{v}_e = (2, 1, -1)$$

$$\underline{v}_f = (1, 4, 2)$$

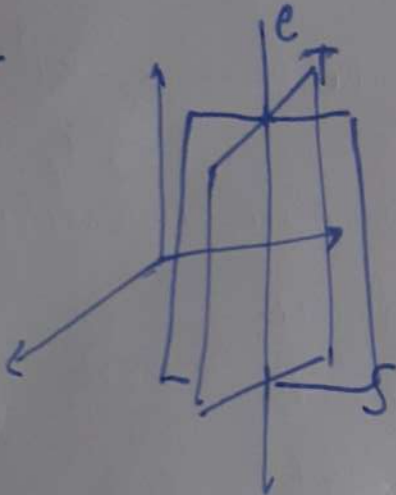
$$\underline{h} = \underline{v}_e \times \underline{v}_f = \begin{vmatrix} \underline{i} & \underline{j} & \underline{k} \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (2 - (-4), -1 - 4, 8 - 1) = (6, -5, 7)$$

A más egy pontja: $t=0$: $P(3, -1, 2)$

Sík egyenlete: $6(x-3) - 5(y-(-1)) + 7(z-2) = 0$

$$6x - 5y + 7z = 37$$

6/b



1. Megoldás: e benne van S -ben \Rightarrow

$$e \perp \underline{h}_S \Rightarrow \underline{v}_e \perp \underline{h}_S$$

$$\text{Kézenlök: } \underline{v}_e \perp \underline{h}_T \Rightarrow \underline{v}_e = \underline{h}_S \times \underline{h}_T$$

$$\underline{h}_S = (2, 3, 4)$$

$$\underline{h}_T = (-1, 4, 1)$$

$$\underline{v}_e = \underline{h}_S \times \underline{h}_T = \begin{vmatrix} \underline{i} & \underline{j} & \underline{k} \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (3 - 16, -4 - 2, 8 - (-3)) = (-13, -6, 11)$$

$$(3 - 16, -4 - 2, 8 - (-3)) = (-13, -6, 11)$$

e egy pontja: Legyen $z=0$ S és T egyenletiben
(száz az a leírás, hogy a $z=0$ síkban e a x - y síkban van a metszete):

$$2x + 3y = 5$$

$$-x + 4y = 7 \quad / 2$$

$$-2x + 8y = 14$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (+) 11y = 19 \\ y = \frac{19}{11} \end{array} \right.$$

$$x = 7 - 4y = \frac{1}{11}$$

e egy pontja: $P\left(\frac{1}{11}, \frac{19}{11}, 0\right)$

e paraméteres egyenletrendszere: $x = \frac{1}{11} - 13t$

$$y = \frac{19}{11} - 6t \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 0 + 11t$$

2. megoldás: Egy vektör pontját az e egyenesnek úgy kapjuk meg, ha $z=1$ -et választunk: $2x+3y+4=5$
 $-x+4y+1=7$

$$\begin{cases} 2x+3y=1 \\ -x+4y=6 \cdot 1/2 \\ -2x+8y=12 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 11y=13$$

$$y = \frac{13}{11} \Rightarrow x = 6 - 4y = \frac{14}{11}$$

$$Q\left(\frac{14}{11}, \frac{13}{11}, 1\right)$$

$$\vec{u} = \overrightarrow{PQ} = \left(\frac{13}{11}, \frac{6}{11}, 1\right)$$

$$\uparrow$$

az l. megoldásból

az e egyenes paraméteres egyenletrendszere: (P egy pontja):

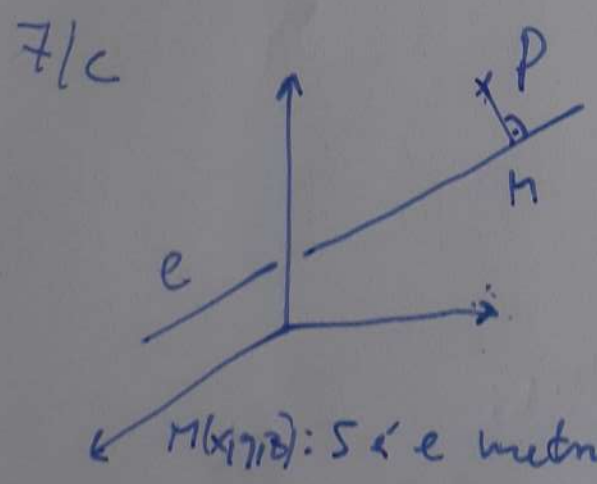
$$x = \frac{1}{11} + \frac{13}{11}s$$

$$y = \frac{19}{11} + \frac{6}{11}s \quad s \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 0 + 1 \cdot s$$

7/b $\vec{u} = (-1, 3, 1)$

$$x = 3 - t$$
$$y = 2 + 3t \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$
$$z = 1 + t$$



$$d = |\overrightarrow{PM}|$$

legyen S a P -t tartalmazó e -re merőleges sík: $\vec{n}_S = \vec{u}_e = (-1, 3, 1)$

$$-1(x-3) + 3(y-2) + 1(z-1) = 0$$

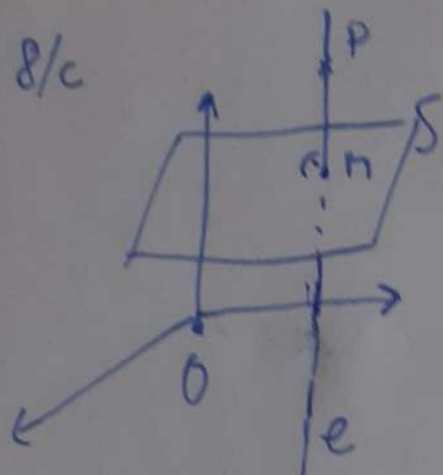
$$-x + 3y + z = 4$$

$M(x|y|z)$: S és e metszete: $-(4-t) + 3(2+3t) + 1+t = 4$

$$\Rightarrow \overrightarrow{PM} = \left(\frac{10}{11}, \frac{3}{11}, \frac{1}{11}\right) \Rightarrow d = |\overrightarrow{PM}| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{10}{11}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{11}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{11}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{116}{121}}$$

$$11t = 1 \Rightarrow t = \frac{1}{11} \Rightarrow M\left(\frac{43}{11}, \frac{25}{11}, \frac{12}{11}\right)$$

8/c



$$\vec{v}_e = \vec{v}_s = (2, -1, 3)$$

$$e: x = 2 + 2t$$

$$y = -1 - t$$

$$z = 3 + 3t$$

$$n = 5ne: 2(2+2t) - (1-t) + 3(3+3t) = 5$$

$$14t = -9$$

$$t = -\frac{9}{14}$$

$$n = (2 + 2(-\frac{9}{14}), -1 - (-\frac{9}{14}), 3 + 3(-\frac{9}{14})) = (\frac{10}{14}, -\frac{5}{14}, \frac{15}{14})$$

$$|\vec{n}| = \sqrt{(\frac{-18}{14})^2 + (\frac{9}{14})^2 + (\frac{-27}{14})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1134}{196}} = \sqrt{\frac{81}{14}}$$

$$\vec{PN} = (-\frac{18}{14}, \frac{9}{14}, -\frac{27}{14})$$

(6)