

① a) 2 db lin. fgl. vektor zsinuszoid bázis kerit. (1 pont)

②
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & | & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & | & -11 \\ 1 & -2 & | & -5 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & | & -8 \\ 0 & -2 & | & -8 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

tehát 3 és 4
a koordináták.
(3 pont)

③
$$\underline{v}_1 = \frac{u_1}{\|u_1\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+1+1}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 \\ -1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1 \text{ pont})$$

$$\tilde{v}_2 = u_2 - \langle u_2, v_1 \rangle v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} (0 - 1 + 2 - 2) \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{v}_2 = \frac{\tilde{v}_2}{\|\tilde{v}_2\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+9+8+49}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -9 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{40}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -9 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -9 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

②
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{szlop}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & 5 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{sor}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 14 & 12 \\ 0 & 13 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{osz}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

tehát rang = 3

(3 pont)

③ Karakter. polinom:
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & -1 \\ 3 & 5-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-1)(\lambda-5) + 3 = \lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 8 = (\lambda-2)(\lambda-4)$$

$\lambda_1 = 2$ sajátértékhez $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $\underline{u}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ jö sajátvektor

$\lambda_2 = 4$ sajátértékhez $\begin{pmatrix} -3 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $\underline{u}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ jö.

④
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\sin(x^3 y^2) + \cos(y^2) \cos(x^2)) = \cos(x^3 y^2) 3x^2 y^2 + \cos(y^2) (-\sin(x^2)) 2x$$
 (2 pont)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\dots) = \cos(x^3 y^2) x^3 2y - \cos(x^2) \sin(y^2) 2y$$
 (2 pont)