

Excercises
Mathematics A1a
Vectors in 3-space

1. Find the angle made by the two vectors: $\mathbf{u} = (2,1,0)$, $\mathbf{v} = (1,2,-1)$.
2. Write vector \mathbf{u} as sum of components parel and perpendicular to vector \mathbf{v} :
 $\mathbf{u} = (0;3;4)$, $\mathbf{v} = (1;1;0)$.
3. Given the points $P(1;-1;2)$, $Q(2;0;1)$ and $R(0;2;1)$.
 - a.) Find the area of the triangle PQR.
 - b.) Find a unit vector perpendicular to the plane PQR.
4. a.) Find the volume of the pyramid made by the points: $A(1;1;1)$, $B(2;3;0)$, $C(-2;1;4)$ and $D(1;8;-3)$.
 b.) Find the distance from point D to the plane ABC.
5. Find the parametric equation system of the line that
 - a.) passes through the point $(1;2;5)$ and paralel to the z -axis.
 - b.) Passes through the point $(2;4;5)$ and perpendicular to the plane $3x + 7y - 5z = 21$.
6. Find the equation of the plane that
 - a.) passes through the point $A(1;-2;1)$ and perpendicular to the vector from O to A .
 - b.) passes through the points $(1;1;-1)$, $(2;0;2)$ and $(0;-2;1)$.
7. Find the distance of the point and the line:
 - a.) $P(2;1;3)$, $e : x = 2 + 2t$, $y = 1 + 6t$, $z = 3$;
 - b.) $P(3;-1;4)$, $e : x = 4 - t$, $y = 3 + 2t$, $z = -5 + 3t$.
8. a.)* Show that the following lines intersect.
 b.) Find the equation of their plane.
 $e_1 : x = 1 + t$, $y = 2 + t$, $z = 1 - t$; $e_2 : x = 1 - 4t$, $y = 1 + 2t$, $z = 2 - 2t$.
9. Find the distance of the point $P(2;-3;4)$ and the plane $x + 2y + 2z = 13$.
10. Find the angle of these planes in radians: $2x + 2y + 2z = 3$ és $2x - 2y - z = 5$.
11. Find the intersection point of the line $-x + 1 = \frac{y}{3} = z - 1$ and the plane $2x - y + 3z = 6$.
12. Find the points in which the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = -y - 1 = \frac{z}{3}$ meets the coordinate planes.
13. a.) Find the distance of the planes $S1: x + 2y + 6z = 1$ and $S2: x + 2y + 6z = 10$.
 b.) Find the reflection of the plane $S1$ about the plane $S2$.
14. Find the intersection line of the planes $S1: x + y = 3$ and $S2: 2y + z = 7$.

15.* Find the distance of the skew lines: $\frac{-x-5}{8} = \frac{y-7}{10} = \frac{z-10}{6}$ and $\frac{x-5}{3} = \frac{y+3}{5} = \frac{z-15}{4}$.

Answers:

1. 0,75 rad
2. $\left(\frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 0\right) + \left(-\frac{3}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 4\right)$
3. a.) $\sqrt{6}$
- b.) $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(1;1;2)$
4. a.) 4
- b.) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$
5. a.) $x = 1, y = 2, z = t$
- b.) $x = 3t + 2, y = 7t + 4, z = -5t + 5$
6. a.) $x - 2y + z = 6$
- b.) $7x - 5y - 4z = 6$
7. a.) 0
- b.) $\frac{9\sqrt{42}}{7}$
8. $y + z = 3$
9. 3
10. 1,76 rad
11. $\left(\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{2}\right)$
12. $\left(0; -\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{3}{2}\right), (-1; 0; -3), (1; -1; 0)$
13. a.) $\frac{9}{\sqrt{41}}$
- b.) $x + 2y + 6z = 19$
14. $x = 1 + t, y = 2 - t, z = 3 + 2t$
15. $\sqrt{75}$