Orthogonal diagonalization, quadratic forms Mathematics A2 9th week

Take-home quiz Due: April 13, 2012

1. Find a matrix **P** that orthogonally diagonalizes the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

2. Do the matrix multiplication:

$$\mathbf{x}^{T}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} & x_{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix} =$$

3. Write the following quadratic forms in $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}$ form where **A** is a symmetric matrix:

a.)
$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 4x_1x_2$$

b.) $9x_1^2 - x_2^2 + 4x_3^2 - 8x_1x_2 + 4x_1x_3$

4. Diagonalize the matrix of corresponding quadratic form and then in an (x_1, x_2) coordinate system sketch the graph of the equation:

a.)
$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 4x_1x_2 = 1$$

b.) $5x_1^2 + 5x_2^2 + 8x_1x_2 = 9$