

Hausaufgaben 11.

Integration mit Substitution 1. Typ

1)

$$\int \cos(4x - 5) dx$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} \sin(4x - 5) + C\right)$$

2)

$$\int \frac{dx}{(2x - 3)^5}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{8(2x-3)^4} + C\right)$$

3)

$$\int \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

$$(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + C)$$

4)

$$\int x \sin(x^2 + 2) dx$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x^2 + 2) + C\right)$$

5)

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\operatorname{tg} x}}{\cos^2 x} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4} \sqrt[3]{\operatorname{tg}^4 x} + C\right)$$

6)

$$\int \frac{3x - 1}{x^2 + 9} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} \ln(x^2 + 9) - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{3} + C\right)$$

Integration mit Substitution 2. Typ

7)

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 2}} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arsh}(3x - 1) + C\right)$$

8)

$$\int \sqrt{15 + 2x - x^2} dx$$

$$\left(8 \operatorname{arcsin} \frac{x-1}{4} + \frac{x-1}{2} \sqrt{15 + 2x - x^2} + C\right)$$

Partielle Integration

9)

$$\int (x^2 - 1) \sin 3x dx$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}(x^2 - 1) \cos 3x + \frac{2}{9}x \sin 3x + \frac{2}{27} \cos 3x + C\right)$$

10)

$$\int x^3 e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 1)e^{-x^2} + C\right)$$

11)

$$\int \ln^3 x dx$$

$$(x \ln^3 x - 3x \ln^2 x + 6x \ln x - 6x + C)$$

Integration rationaler Funktionen

12)

$$\int \frac{x-2}{x^2-7x+12} dx$$

$$(-\ln|x-3| + 2\ln|x-4| + C)$$

13)

$$\int \frac{x^5+x^4-8}{x^3-4x} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 4x + 2\ln|x| - 3\ln|x+2| + 5\ln|x-2| + C\right)$$

14)

$$\int \frac{x}{2x^2-3x-2} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{10}\ln(x-2)^4|2x+1| + C\right)$$

15)

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^4} dx$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\ln\left|\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right| - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arctg}x + C\right)$$