Repr. of Rings and Groups

**<u>I. rész.</u>** In this part every answer is worth 3 marks. Write your answer in the box after the question. Explain only when it is required.

- 1. Show an abelian group whose radical is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ .
- 2. Define the semisimplicity of a module. Give two statements which are equivalent to semisimplicity.

- 3. Show a  $\mathbb{Z}_4$ -module which is not injective and not local. Explain briefly why it is not injective.
- 4. Let  $A_A = \frac{1}{2} \oplus \frac{2}{1} \oplus \frac{3}{1} \oplus \frac{3}{1}$ . Pick an irreduble morphism from the following nonzero morphisms. Briefly justify your answer. a)  $1 \to \frac{1}{2}$  b)  $\frac{3}{1} \to \frac{2}{1} \oplus \frac{3}{1}$  c)  $\frac{1}{2} \to \frac{3}{1}$  d)  $\frac{2}{2} \oplus \frac{3}{2} \to \frac{3}{2}$

5. State the theorem about the connection of a direct decompositon of a ring R (as a module and as a ring) and the idempotent elements of R.



Test 1

6. State the Fitting Lemma. Give an example for the necessity of one of the conditions of the lemma.

7. Define the Auslander–Reiten sequence.

8.  $A_A = {}_{2}{}_{3}^{1} \oplus {}_{3}^{2} \oplus {}_{2}^{3}^{1}$  is the direct sum of indecomposable projective modules and  $D(_AA) = {}_{1}^{3} \oplus {}_{2}^{1} \oplus {}_{3}^{1}^{2}$  is the direct sum of the indecomposable injective modules of the algebra A. Determine the Auslander-Reiten translate of  ${}_{1}^{3}$ .

## II. rész.

9. Give a condition equivalent to the injectivity of a module, and prove the equivalence.

(10 marks)

**10.** State and prove the Harada–Sai Lemma. (16 marks)