ST	ANDARD C LANGUAGE
The following notations a	are used:
ptrpointer; exprexpres	optional; fnfunction; bblock; rtnreturn; ptdpointed; ssion; TRUEnon-zero value; FALSEzero value.
	BASIC DATA TYPES
char unsigned char short	Single character (may signed or unsigned) Non-negative character Reduced precision integer
unsigned short int	Non-negative reduced precision integer Integer
unsigned int long	Non-negative integer Extended precision integer
unsigned long float	Non-negative extended precision integer Floating point
double long double void	Extended precision floating point Extended precision floating point No type; Used for denoting: 1) no return value from
volu	fn 2) no argument of fn 3) general pointer base
ARITHMETIC	
If either operand is d	ong double the other is converted to long double. ouble, the other is converted to double. oat, the other is converted to float.
All char and short op value; otherwise it is	erands are converted to int if it can represent the original converted to unsigned int.
If the two operands a	nsigned long the other is converted to unsigned long. are unsigned int and long and long represent all values of
If either operand is lo	e common type is long; otherwise it is unsigned long. ng the other is converted to long.
	nsigned int the other is converted to unsigned int. d, both operands must be int.
ST	TATEMENT SUMMARY
STATEMENT { local_var_dec	
<pre>statement }</pre>	The <i>local_var_dec1</i> (local variable declarations) is optional.
break;	Terminates execution of for , while , do , or switch .
continue;	Skips statement that follow in a do, for, or
do	while; then continues executing the loop. Executes statement until expr is FALSE;
<pre>statement while (expr);</pre>	statement is executed at least once.
expr; for (e1;e2;e3)	Evaluates expr ; discards result. Evaluates expr e1 once; then repeatedly evaluates
statement	e2, statement, and e3 (in that order) until e2 is FALSE; eg: for (i=1; i<=1Ø; ++i);
	note that <i>statement</i> will not be executed if <i>e2</i> is FALSE on first evaluation; <i>e1</i> , <i>e2</i> and <i>e3</i> are
goto label;	optional; e2=1 assumed when omitted. Branches to statement preceded by 1abe1, which
goto raber,	must be in same function as the goto. eg.:
	<pre>int Fn(void) { goto write; </pre>
if (expr)	<pre>write: print("here am I");} If expr is TRUE, then executes statement;</pre>
statement if (expr)	otherwise skips it. If <i>expr</i> is TRUE, then executes <i>statement1</i> ;
statement1 else	otherwise executes <i>statement2</i> .
statement2	Null statement.No effect.eq.: while
return expr;	(t[i++]); Returns from function back to caller with value of
switch (expr)	expr ; expr is omitted in void functions. expr (must be an integer expression) is evaluated
{ case const1: statement	and then compared against integer constant exprs
break;	const1, const2, If a match is found, then the statements that follow
<pre>case const2: statement</pre>	the case (up to next break , if supplied) will be executed.
break;	If no match is found, then the statements in the default case (if supplied) will be executed.
default: statement	
<pre>while (expr)</pre>	Executes <i>statement</i> as long as <i>expr</i> is TRUE;
statement	statement might not be executed if <i>expr</i> is FALSE the first time it's evaluated.
typedef is to assign	n a new name to a data type. To use it make believe able of that particular data type. Where you'd normally
write the variable nam	e, write the new data type name instead. In front of yword typedef. For example:
	e COMPLEX */
{ float re	eal;
float in } COMPLEX;	naginary;
/* declare var COMPLEX cl,	<pre>riables with new type COMPLEX */ c2, sum;</pre>
	CONSTANTS
char char string	'a' '\n' "hello" ""
double	F (1) 7.2f 2.e-15F -1E9f .5F (1) 7.2 2.e-15 -1E9 .5
enumeration	L (1) 7.21 2.e-151 -1E9L .5L (2) red january monday
Int long int1 unsigned intu	,L (3) 2511 1ØØL ,U 17u 5U Øu 65535u
hex integer Øx	,U 17u 5U Øu 65535u ,ØX ØxFFØXffØxAØØØ1 Ø777Ø1ØØUØ573u1
NOTES: 1. Decimal point and/or	scientific notation.
 Identifiers previously Or any int too large for 	declared for an enumerated type; value treated as int.
	TYPE QUALIFIERS

		OPER	ATORS		
OPERATOR	DESCRIPTIO	ON	EXAMPLE	E A:	SSOCIATION
++	Postincren	nent	ptr++		
 []	Postdecre Array elerr		count	 s [1Ø]	-
()	Function c		sqrt		-
•	Struct mer			.name	
-> sizeof	Ptr to struc Size in byt	ct member		_ptr->name f child	
++	Preincrem		++ptr		
	Predecrem	nent	cou		
& *	Address of Ptr indirect		&x *ptr		-
+	Unary plus		+a		¢
	Unary min	us	-a		
- ~ !	Bitwise NC Logical ne		~Ø77 ! rea	dv	
(type) *		version / castin		t) total/n	
*	Multiplicati	ion	i*j		
/ %	Division Modulus		i / j i % j		⇒
+	Addition		<u>ז % ן</u> value	+ i	⇒
-	Subtractio	n	x - 1		
<<	Left shift		byte		⇒
>> <	Right shift Less than		<u>i >></u> i < 1		
<=		or equal to	i <=		⇒
>	Greater th	an	i > Ø		
>=		an or eq to		; >= 9Ø + Ø	
== !=	Equal to Not equal	to	resul c !=	t == Ø EOF	⇒
&	Bitwise AN			& Ø77	⇒
٨	Bitwise XC			^ word2	⇒
	Bitwise OF		word	bits	<u></u> ⇒
<u>\$&</u>	Logical AN		j>Ø &		<u>→</u>
?:	Logical OF	al operator	i>8Ø a>b?	ready 'a : b	→
••	Conditiona	ai operator		eater than b the	en 🗲
			-	a else b	
= *= /=	Assignmer	nt operators	count		
%= += -= &= ^= =			It is equ count	al to = count+2	⇐
<<= >>=			count		
,	Comma op	perator	i=1Ø	, j=Ø	→
Associativity of the same pred (eg: a = b	cedence: = c; is g	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO	→ order of o-left, as: a R STA	<pre>i evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS</pre>	erands with).
Associativity of the same pred (eg: a = b	determines: cedence: c; is g PREPR	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub	→ order of o-left, as: a R STA ostituted for	<pre>evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id_wherever id</pre>). later appea
Associativity of the same pred (eg: a = b STATEMENT	determines: cedence: c; is g PREPR	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sut in the progr construct	→ order of p-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2	<pre>i evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER 2,) is used,</pre>). later appea SIZE 512) argumen
Associativity of the same pred (eg: a = b	determines: cedence: c; is g PREPR	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct a1,a2,w correspondir	→ order of p-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 ill be replac g argum	<pre>= (b = c); = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id tdefine BUFFER) is used, where they app ents of macro</pre>). later appea SIZE 512) argumen pear in text l o call (e
Associativity of the same pred (eg: a = b	determines: cedence: c; is g PREPR	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct a1,a2,w correspondin #define m that x=max	→ order of P-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 id(a1,a2 id(a1,AB) (p+q,r+s	<pre>evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER ,) is used, ead where they appents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)</pre>). later appea SIZE 512) argumen bear in text l o call (e (B) mean uubstituted f
Associativity of the same prec (eg: a = b STATEMENT #define	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping; rouped right-to OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct a1,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=((p+q)>(→ order of p-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 id(<pre>evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id define BUFFER ,) is used, ed where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A))) macro will be s):(r+s)) in the pr</pre>). later appea SIZE 512) argumen bear in text l o call (e (B) mean uubstituted f
Associativity of the same prec (eg: a = b STATEMENT #define #undef io	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping; rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct a1,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=((p+q)>(Remove defi	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 ill be replac g argum ax(A,B) (p+q,r+s r+s)?(p+c nition of i d	<pre>evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id tdefine BUFFER) is used, ed where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A).) macro will be s p:(r+s)) in the pr d.</pre>). later appea size 512) argumen bear in text 1 o call (e : (B))mean ubstituted f ogram text)
Associativity of the same prec (eg: a = b STATEMENT #define #undef io	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping; rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sut in the progr construct a1, a2,w correspondir #defrine m that x=max x=((p+q)>(Remove defi If constant e	→ order of p-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1, a2 ill be replac ig argum ax(A, B) (p+q, r+s)?(p+c nition of <i>i</i> xpression of	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define SUFTER) is used, d where they ap- ents of macro (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s)(rx+5)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta). later appea srze 512) argumen pear in text lo o call (e (B))mean substituted f ogram text) tements up
Associativity of the same precision of the s	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping; rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sut in the progr construct a1, a2,w correspondir #defrine m that x=max x=((p+q)>(Remove defi If constant e	→ order of p-left, as: a R STA postituted for am; (eg: # id(a1, a2 ill be replac ig argum ax(A, B) (p+q, r+s)?(p+c nition of <i>i</i> xpression of	<pre>evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id tdefine BUFFER) is used, ed where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A).) macro will be s p:(r+s)) in the pr d.</pre>). later appea srze 512) argumen pear in text lo o call (e (B))mean substituted f ogram text) tements up
Associativity desame procession of the same p	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Upd)>(2 Remove defi If constant e #endif wi	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,aai) (a)	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id define SUFTER) is used, d where they app ents of macro (A)>-(B)?(A):) macro will be s)(ry-5) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the). later appea style \$12) argumen bear in text I (G8)mean substituted f ogram text) tements up ey will not be
Associativity desame procession of the same p	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Upd)>(2 Remove defi If constant e #endif wi	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,aai) (a)	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id define SUFTER) is used, d where they app ents of macro (A)>-(B)?(A):) macro will be s)(ry-5) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the). later appea style \$12) argumen bear in text I (G8)mean substituted f ogram text) tements up ey will not be
Associativity the same precedence of the same	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondi #defriee m that x=max x=(pre)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else will	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 ig) argum ax(A,B) (p+q,r+s r+s)?(p+q) xpression of ll be procession of xpression of be procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the p	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define SUFTER) is used, d where they ap- ents of macro (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s)(rx+5)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta). later appea SIZE 512) argumen pear in text (call (e (B))mean ubstituted fi togram text) tements up ey will not be tements up tements up
Associativity the same precedence of the same	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondi #defriee m that x=max x=(pre)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else will	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 ig) argum ax(A,B) (p+q,r+s r+s)?(p+q) xpression of ll be procession of xpression of be procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the p	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id ddefine suffers id where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the). later appea SIZE 512) argumen pear in text (call (e (B))mean ubstituted fi togram text) tements up ey will not be tements up tements up
Associativity of the same procession of the s	determines: zedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondi #defriee m that x=max x=(pre)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else will	→ order of b-left, as: a R STA stituted for am; (eg: # id(a1,a2 ig) argum ax(A,B) (p+q,r+s r+s)?(p+q) xpression of ll be procession of xpression of be procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the p	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id ddefine suffers id where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the). later appea SIZE 512) argumen pear in text (call (e (B))mean ubstituted fi togram text) tements up ey will not be tements up tements up
Associativity of associativity of associativity of associativity of association of the same process of the	determines: sedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION LEXT is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m #define m #defi	→ order of ob-left, as: a R STA R STA R STA stituted for arms, (eg: # id(a1, aa; (eg: # id(a1, aa; (eg: # id(a1, aa; (eg: # id(a1, a; (eg: # id(a1, a; (eg: # id(a1, ag; (eg: # id(a1, ag	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id define BUFFER (,) is used, ded where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A))) macro will be s):(r+s)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process). later appea styze 512) argumen pear in text (b) call (e (B))mean (Ubstituted f ogram text) tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up
Associativity descent version of the same precise of the same prec	determines: sedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w construct al,a3,w construct al,a3, construct construct al,a3, construct co	→ order of order of orderft, as: a R STA postituted for arm; (eg: # ini(a1, a2, and init(a1, a2, a2, a2, and init(a1, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER and where they app ents of macro (A)>-(B)?(A)-) macro will be sp).) macro will be sp).) (rty-s)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on 1 #endif will be). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (cB) mean substituted f ogram text) terments up prose between tements up tements
Associativity of associativity of associativity of associativity of association of the same process of the	determines: sedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #defrine m that x=max x=(Qr4)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi the #else If for is defi line) statem otherwise the statem	→ order of order of orderft, as: a R STA postituted for arm; (eg: # ini(a1, a2, and init(a1, a2, a2, a2, and init(a1, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2, a2	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id define BUFFER (,) is used, ded where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A))) macro will be s):(r+s)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (cB) mean substituted f ogram text) terments up prose between tements up tements
Associativity desame pre- (eg: a = b 	determines: sedence: sedence: PREPR d d d	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #defriee m that x=max x=(Cp+0)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi the #else If for is defi line) statem otherwise tf #if)	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id ddefine BUFFER is used, ed where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on 1 #endif will be). later appea SIZE 512) argumen pear in text (call (e (B))mean ubstituted f (gram text) tements up ey will not be tements up tements up
Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Association	determines: sedence: = C; is g PREPR id text	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sult in the progr construct al,a2,w construct al,a3,w construct al,a3,	→ order of an end of the second sec	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER and where they app ents of macro (A)>-(B)?(A)-) macro will be sp).) macro will be sp).) (rty-s)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on 1 #endif will be). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c(8))mean ubstituted f ogram text) tements up pey will not be tements up toose between the command e processe al se like to b #endit
Associativity desame pre- des came pre- grant and the same pre- stattement define d	determines: sedence: sedence: PREPR d d d	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sult in the progr construct al,a2,w construct al,a3,w construct al,a3,	→ order of an end of the second sec	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER) is used,) is u). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c(8))mean ubstituted f ogram text) tements up pey will not be tements up toose between the command e processe al se like to b #endit
Associativity of the same prediction of eg: a = b STATEMENT #define #define #if expr #endif #if expr #endif #ifdef id #endif #ifnef	determines: xedence: c; is g PREPR id text d d d	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sult in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Up4)>c Remove defi If constant e #endif wi the #else If id is defi line) statem otherwise tt #if) If id has no will be proce	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA State of order of ordero order of order of order of order of order of o	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id define suffers used, viewer they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be sp) (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be sp (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be sp (A)>(B)?(A): (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be sp (A)>(B)?(A): (A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be sp (A)>(B)?(A): (A)>(A)>(B)?(A): (A)>(A)>(B)?(A): (A)>(A)>(A)>(A)>(A)=(A)>(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=(A)=). later appead argumen bear in text 1 c call (e c (B))mean ubstituted f logram text) tements up ey will not be tements up tements up tements up temest up temest up temest up temest up to call (e temest up temest
Associativity of the same prevent of the same	determines: xedence: c; is g PREPR id text d d d	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m #define m #defin	→ order of ob-left, as: a R STA R STA R STA stituted for an	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define BUFFER) is used,) is u). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c (B))mean substituted f ogram text) tements up tements up toose betwee ed the commans e processe el se like t # i f). k first in san
Associativity descent version of the same precedence of the same pre	determines: xedence: e c; is g PREPR id text d d id id "fi]e"	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(pt+0)-C Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else with the #else If id is defi line) statem otherwise th #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conter directory as: Inserts cont	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA R STA A statement of the stateme	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id define BUFFER is used, ded where they app d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on a if will be process #define or on a fendif will be to e(optional #e hed, statements up nnal #else like a de in program; lool). later appeasing the second
Associativity desame precedent (eg: a = b) STATEMENT #define #if expr #endif #ifdef id #endif #ifdef id #endif #ifndef #include #include	determines: xedence: c; is g PREPR id text d d d d d id z; file"	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Cp+0)-C Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else with the #else	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA State of order of	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id ddefine BUFTER r,_) is used, ed where they ap ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A): ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A): ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A): ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A): ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A): ((A)>(B)?(A):) macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A):). later appead argumen strze \$12 argumen pear in text (c (B))mean ((CB))mean (c (B))mean (tements up tements up
Associativity desame precedent (eg: a = b) STATEMENT #define #if expr #endif #ifdef id #endif #ifdef id #endif #ifndef #include #include	determines: xedence: c; is g PREPR id text d d d d d id z; file"	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #define m #define m dif constant e #else will the #else line stadem otherwise tf #if) If id is define otherwise tf #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts cont directory as: Inserts cont standard pla Identifies su	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA R STA A	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id id wherever id id wherever id id wherever id where they applied expr is true, state ssed, otherwise the expr is true, state ssed, otherwise the if will be process if will be process where if and the (optional #4 head, statements up onal #else like a le in program; lood gram, then in stand process if when in stand if an in the process if a program; lood if a program; l). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (cB) mean substituted f ogram text) tements up terments up termen
Associativity desame pre- desame pre- stattement #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #endif #endif #ifdef id #endif #include #include #line n #line n	determines: xedence: c; is g PREPR id text d d d d d id z; file"	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is sub in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #define m #define m dif constant e #else will the #else line stadem otherwise tf #if) If id is define otherwise tf #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts cont directory as: Inserts cont standard pla Identifies su	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA R STA A	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id define BUFFER is used, ded where they app is used, ded where they app is macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A)) is macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A)) ((A)>(B)?(A)) is macro will be s ((A)>(B)?(A)) ((A)>(B)?(A)) ((A)>(B)?(A)) ((A)>(A)) ((). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (cB) mean substituted f ogram text) tements up terments up termen
Associativity of the same prevention of association of asso	determines: sedence: ec; is g PREPR id text d d d id (file" <files "file" statements c</files 	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define mithat x=max x=(Up4)>c Remove defi If constant e #endif wii If constant e #endif wii If constant e #else will the #else If id is define ine) statem otherwise tf #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conte directory as: Inserts conte standard pla Identifies su from file, can be continue	→ order of and the second se	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS rid wherever id define SUFTER (dwhere they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A))) macro will be s picrys)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process define or on in #define or on in #defin). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c (8))mean (terments up terments up terments up terments up toose between terments up toose between terments up toose between to #endit t #if). k first in san lard places. look only m as comit each line to
Associativity of the same prevention of association of asso	determines: sedence: ec; is g PREPR id text d d d id (file" <files "file" statements c</files 	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define mithat x=max x=(Up4)>c Remove defi If constant e #endif wii If constant e #endif wii If constant e #else will the #else If id is define ine) statem otherwise tf #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conte directory as: Inserts conte standard pla Identifies su from file, can be continue	→ order of and the second se	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS i d wherever i d idefine BUFTER i, j, is used, ed where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on i #endif will be to be (optional #c) if will be process #define or on i #endif will be to be (optional #c) red, statements up onal #else like a if e in program; looi gram, then in stand if e in program; ines of the progra at line n; file in). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c (8))mean (terments up terments up terments up terments up toose between terments up toose between terments up toose between to #endit t #if). k first in san lard places. look only m as comit each line to
Associativity of the same prevention of association of asso	determines: sedence: sedence: acycle cost preprint preprint id text d d d d id (file) "file" statements conditioned to the file statements conditioned to the file statement	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define mithat x=max x=(Up4)>c Remove defi If constant e #endif wii If constant e #endif wii If constant e #else will the #else If id is define ine) statem otherwise tf #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conte directory as: Inserts conte standard pla Identifies su from file, can be continue	→ order of and the second se	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id define SUFTER ;,) is used, ed where they ap ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A);) macro will be sp inthe pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on in #end if will be to e(optional #e sed, statements up onal #else like a de in program; lool arram, then in stand i le in program; lool i l). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c (8))mean (terments up terments up terments up terments up toose between terments up toose between terments up toose between to #endit t #if). k first in san lard places. look only m as comit each line to
Associativity descent viewe precessors statement fill for the same precessor statement fill for the same precessor state	determines: sedence: sedence: acycle cost preprint preprint id text d d d d id (file) "file" statements conditioned to the file statements conditioned to the file statement	⇒ grouping: rouped right-ta OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max. x=((p+q)>(Remove defi If constant e #end if wi #end if wi If constant e #end if wi the #el se If id is defi line) statem otherwise tr #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conti- directory as: Inserts continuu acksash chara standard pla Identifies su from file, an be continuu acksash chara D CAN BE	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id id wherever id define BUFFER is used, add where they app d. expr is TRUE, sta used, otherwise the if will be process if wi). later appeas size 512) argumen pear in text (c (8))mean (terments up terments up terments up terments up toose between terments up toose between terments up toose between to #endit t #if). k first in san lard places. look only m as comit each line to
Associativity descent version of the same precedent of the same pr	determines: sedence: sedence: e c; is g PREPR id text d d d d d id ext file" statements c inds with a ba S DECLAREI	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #define m that x=max x=(pt+0)-C Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else will the #else If id is defi line) statem otherwise th #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conte directory as Inserts conte directory as Inserts conte standard pla Identifies su from file, sun be continu ackslash chara TORAGE D CAN BE REFERE	→ order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA R STA R STA	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id ddefine BUFTER r, j, is used, ed where they app of macro will bes j, macro will bes p, macro (A)-(B)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A)-(A). later appea argumen strze \$12 argumen pear in text (c (B))mean (CB))mean tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up tements up toose between the commark e processe 21 se like to #endi #if). k first in san ard places. look only m as comir s optional. each line to e nested. NOTES
Associativity descent version of the same precision of the same pr	determines: xedence: received concerved received concerved rec	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #define m that x=max x=(p+0)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If id is defi line) statem otherwise th #if if) If id has no will be proce Inserts continu cacksabt chars. to continu cacksabt chars. to CAN BE REFERE n anywhe b inside f	→ order of order of order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS id wherever id idefine SUFFER id where they app events of macre events of macre ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process if will be process #define or on i #end; fir will be program; lool gram, then in stand if e in program; loop for the provided taments can also b SES INIT WITH constant expr constant expr). later appea argumen strze \$12) argumen pear in text to call (e (CB))mean (CB))mean tements up pey will not be tements up tements up te
Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Association	determines: sedence: sedence: e c; is g PREPR id text d d d d d d d file> "file" statements c inside fn/ outside fn/ outside fn/ outside fn/	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Qr0+2)C Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else with the #else If id is defi line) statem otherwise th #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts conte directory as: Inserts conte standard pla Identifies su from file, an be continua ackslash chara TORAGE D CAN BE REFERE n anywhet b inside f o anywhet	→ order of and the order of the order order of the order ordero	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id ddefine BUFTER ,,) is used, ed where they ap ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A);) macro will be s portor will be s expr is TRUE, sta sed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta sed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta sed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on in #endif will be process #define). later appea stze 512) argumen bear in text (c (B)) mean ((CB)) mean (tements up ey will not be be between tements up tements up tements up to se between tements up tements up t
Associativity descent version of the same precedence of the same pre	determines: sedence: sedence: sedence: add id text d d d d id file "file" statements c nds with a b DECLARE outside fri inside fn/ outside fri inside fn/ outside fri	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondin #defrine m that x=max x=(Cp+0)C. Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #endif wi If i d is defi line) statem otherwise tt #if) If i d has no will be proce inserts conte directory as: Inserts conte directory as: Inserts continua disklash chara to m file, sun be continua disklash chara D CAN BE REFERE n anywhe b inside f b inside f b inside f	→ order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS i d wherever i d ddefine BUFFER i, J is used, ded where they app ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, state sed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on t #expr is TRUE, state sed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on t #end; f will be process #define or on t #end; f will be process #define or on t f of the program; lood gram, then in stand i le in program; ines of the program; ines). later appea argumen strze 512) strze 512) call (e (G3)mean ubstituted f ogram text) tements up ices betwee tements up icose betwee e processe el se like to #endi t #if). k first in san lard places. look only m as comirs s optional. 1 1 2 2 3
Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Associativity of Association	determines: xedence: rectance: PREPR id text id text d d d id (file> 'file' statements c ends with a bu S DECLAREI outside fri inside fn/ outside fri inside fn/	⇒ grouping: rouped right-tc OCESSO DESCRIPTION text is suit in the progr construct al,a2,w correspondir #define m that x=max x=(Qr+Q)-C Remove defi If constant e #endif wi If constant e #else with the #else If id is defi line) statem otherwise th #if) If id has no will be proce Inserts content standard pla Inserts content standard pla Identifies su from file, van be continue acklash chara CORAGE D CAN BE REFERER n anywhe b inside f b inside f	→ order of order of order of order of order, as: a R STA	evaluation for op = (b = c); TEMENTS r id wherever id define BUFTER ,,) is used, ed where they ap ents of macro ((A)>(B)?(A);) macro will be s) macro will be s) macro will be s i) (r(+S)) in the pr d. expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the expr is TRUE, sta ssed, otherwise the if will be process #define or on in #endif will be to (ptional #endif will be process #define or on in #endif will be process #endif will be proc). later appeasite of the second sec

EXPRESSIONS
An expression is one or more terms and zero or more operators. A term can be - name (function or data object) - constant - sizeof(type) - (expr)
An expression is a constant expression if each term is a constant.
ARRAYS
A single dimension array aname of n elements of a specified type type and with specified initial values (optional) is declared with : type aname[n] = { val1, val2, }; If complete list of initial values is specified, n can be omitted. Only static or global arrays can be initialized. Char arrays can be initial sating of chars in double quotes. Valid subscripts of the array range from Ø to n -1. Multi dimensional arrays are declared with : type aname[n1][n2] = { init_list };
Values listed in the initialization list are assigned in 'dimension order' (i.e. as if last dimension were increasing first). Nested pairs of braces can be used to change this order if desired. EXAMPLES:
<pre>/* array of char */ static char hisname[] = {"John Smith"}; /* array of char ptrs */ static char *days[7] = {"Sun", "Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat"}; /* 3x2 array of ints */ int matrix[3][2] = { {10,11}, {-5,0}, {11,21} };</pre>

inc matrix[3][2] = { {10,11},{-5,0
/* array of struct complex */
struct complex sensor_data[100]; POINTERS

A variable can be declared to be a pointer to a specified type by a statement of the form:

type *name; EXAMPLES:

1

- EXAMPLES: /* numptr points to floating number */ float *numptr; /* pointer to struct complex */ struct complex *cp; /* if the real part of the complex struct pointed to by cp is Ø.Ø */ if (cp-real == Ø.Ø) {..} /* ptr to char; set equal to address of buf[25] (i.e. pointing to buf[25]) */ char *sptr = &buf[25]; /* store 'c' into loc ptd to by sptr */ *sptr = 'c'; /* set sptr pointing to next loc in buf */ +t+sptr; /* to function returning int */ int (*fptr) (); EUNCTIONS

FUNCTIONS

Functions follow this format :

- ret_type name (arg1_dec1, arg2_dec1, ...)
 {
 - local_var_decl statement

- return value;
- }

Functions can be declared **extern** (default) or **static**. **static** functions can be called only from the file in which they are defined. **ret_type** is the return type for the function, and can be **void** if the function returns no value.

- EXAMPLE :
- /* fn to find the length of a character string */
 int strlen (char *s)
 {
 int length fi
 - int length = Ø; while (*s++) ++length; return length;
 - }

STRUCTURES

A structure sname of specified members is declared with a statement of the form struct sname

- member_declaration;
- } variable_list;

Each member declaration is a type followed by one or more member names. An **n**-bit wide field **mname** is declared with a statement of the form:

If **mname** is omitted, **n** unnamed bits are reserved; if **n** is also zero, the next field is aligned on a word boundary. **variable_list** (optional) declares variables of that structure type. If **sname** is supplied, variables can also later be declared using the format:

struct sname variable_list;

/* declare complex struct */
struct complex
{

- float real; float imaginary;

}; ''' define structures */
struct complex cl = { 5.Ø , Ø.Ø };
struct complex c2, csum;
c2 = cl; /* assign c1 to c2 */
csum.real = c1.real + c2.real;

- - UNIONS

A union **uname** of members occupying the same area of memory is declared with a statement of the form :

- member_declaration;

Each member declaration is a type followed by one or more member names; variable_list (optional) declares variables of the particular union type. If uname is supplied, then variables can also later be declared using the format: union uname variable_list;

NOTE: unions cannot be initalized

optimalization.

- Init at start of program execution; default is zero.
 Variable must be defined in only one place w/o extern.
 Variable is init each time fn/b is entered; no default value.
 Register assignment not guaranteed; restricted (implementation dependent) types can be assigned to registers. & (addr. of) operator cannot be applied.
 Variable can be declared in only one place; initialized at start of program executive default address.

type mname:n; ame S. ____ in ning EXAMPLE.

- execution; default is zero. 6. Defaults to auto.
- TYPE QUALIFIERS Constant object, cannot be altered by the program. External hardware or software can alter the variable, no const volatile

union uname

- Ł

} variable_list;

3.6

any expr

- declaration

inside fn/b inside fn/b

NOTES

ENUM DATA TYPES	ESCA	PE CHARACTERS	ldiv_t ldiv(11,12)*	computes the quotient (.quot) and remainder (.rem) of division 11/12
An enumerated data type ename with values enum1,enum2, is declared with a statement of the form :	b Backspace (<i>BS</i>) f Form feed (<i>FF</i>)	\mathbb{N} Backslash (\mathbb{N})	double log(d) double log1Ø(d)	natural log of d /0/ log base 10 of d /0/
<pre>enum ename { enum1, enum2, } variable_list;</pre>	n Newline (NL)	nnn Octal character value (<i>n</i> : \emptyset -7) h Hexadecimal character value	<pre>double modf(d1,*d2) double pow(d1,d2)</pre>	rtn x such that d1=x+d2, x in [0,1), d2 integer d1 to the d2-th power /0,HUGE_VAL/
The optional variable_list declares variables of the particular enum type.	r Carriage return (<i>CR</i>) t Horizontal tab (<i>HT</i>)	(<i>h</i> : Ø-9,a-f,A-F) ∖" Double quote (") Single quote (")	int rand() * double sin(s)	random number in range [0,RAND_MAX] sine of d (d in radians)
Each enumerated value is an identifier optionally followed by an equals sign and a constant expression. Sequential values starting at Ø are assigned to these	V Vertical tab (VT) Bell (BEL)	<pre>\' Single quote (') \? Question mark (?)</pre>	double sinh(d)	hyperbolic sine of d
values by the compiler, unless the enum=value construct is used.	LIBRARY FU	NCTIONS AND MACROS	double sqrt(d) void srand(u) *	square root of d /0/ reset random number generator to u
If ename is supplied, then variables can also be declared later using the format: enum ename variable_list;	Function argument types :		double tan(d) double tanh(d)	tangent of d (radians) /HUGE_VAL/ hyperbolic tangent of d
EXAMPLES:	<pre>int c; /* char */ unsigned int u;</pre>	int n,n1,n2; long 1,11,12;	Memory allocation and manip	
/* define boolean */ enum boolean { false, true };	double_d,d1,d2; FILE_*f;	char *s,*sl,*s2; size_t su,sul,su2;	<pre>void *calloc(sul, su2)</pre>	
<pre>/* declare variable and inicialize value */ enum boolean done = false;</pre>	<pre>time_t tl,tll,tl2; void *v,*v1,*v2;</pre>	fpos_t fl; va_list ap;	void *malloc(su) *	
<pre>if (done==true) {} /* test value */</pre>	char and short are conver float is converted to doub	ted to int when passed to functions;	void *memchr(v,c,su)	return ptr in v of 1st incident of c, looking at su unsigned chars at most, or NULL if not found
FORMATTED OUTPUT	// return code on error	() return code on success	<pre>int memcmp(v1,v2,su)</pre>	rtn <0, =0, >0 if v1 is lexicographically <,= or >v2, comparing up to su unsigned chars
printf is used to write data to standard output (normally, your terminal). To write to a file, use fprintf ; to 'write' data into a character array, use	Character classification int isalnum(c)	ctype.h	void *memcpy(v1,v2,su)	copy su chars from v2 to v1 (v1, v2 should not overlap); return v1
<pre>sprintf.The general format of a printf call is : printf (format, arg1, arg2,)</pre>	int isalpha(c)	TRUE if c is any alphanumeric char TRUE if c is any alphabetic char	void *memmove (v1,v2,su)	copy su chars from v2 to v1 (v1, v2 can overlap); return v1
where format is a character string describing how arg1, arg2, are to be	int iscntrl(c) int isdigit(c)	TRUE if c is any control char TRUE if c is any decimal digit Ø-9	void *memset(v,c,su)	set su unsigned chars ptd to by v to value c; return v
<pre>printed. The general format of an item in the format string is : %[flags][size][.prec]type</pre>	<pre>int isgraph(c) int islower(c)</pre>	TRUE if c is any printable char except space TRUE if c is any lowercase char	void *realloc(v,su)	change the size of block \mathbf{v} to \mathbf{su} and returns ptr to it /NULL/
<u>flags</u> : - left justify value (default is right justify)	<pre>int isprint(c) int ispunct(c)</pre>	TRUE if c is any printable char including. space TRUE if c is neither a control nor alphanum. char	Program contol	setjmp.h,stdlib.h(*)
+ precede value with a + or - sign space precede positiv value with a space	int isspace(c)	TRUE if c is one of the whitespace characters: space, <i>FF</i> , <i>NL</i> , <i>CR</i> , <i>HT</i> , <i>VT</i>	<pre>void assert(iexpr)</pre>	if NDEBUG is not defined and <i>iexpr</i> is FALSE then write a diagnostic message to stderr
# precede octal value with Ø, hex value with Øx; force display of decimal point for float value, and leave trailing zeros for type g or G	<pre>int isupper(c) int isxdigit(c)</pre>	TRUE if c is any uppercase char TRUE if c is any hexadecimal digit Ø-9,A-F,a-f	void abort() *	and calls abort(); use assert.h header
Ø display leading zeros	<pre>int tolower(c) int toupper(c)</pre>	convert c to lowercase convert c to uppercase	<pre>int atexit(void (*func)(void)) *</pre>	register func to be called by exit (0) /TRUE/
<u>size</u> : is a number specifying the minimum size of the field; * instead of number means next arg (must be type of int) to printf specifies the size	Data conversion	stdlib.h	void exit(n) * char *getenv(s) *	terminate execution, returning exit status n rtn ptr to value of environment name s /NULL/
<u>prec</u> : is the minimum number of digits to display for ints; number of decimal places for e and f; max. number of significant digits for g; max. number of chars	<pre>double atof(s) int atoi(s)</pre>	ASCII to double conversion /HUGE_VAL,Ø/ ASCII to int conversion	void longjmp (jmp_buf env,n)	restore environment from env; causes setjmp to return n if supplied or 1 if n=Ø
for s; * instead of number means next arg (int) to printf specifies the precision	long atol(s) double	ASCII to long conversion ASCII to double conversion; on return, *s2	<pre>int setjmp(jmp_buf env)</pre>	save stack environment in env; (0) (see
type : specifies the type of value to be displayed per the following character codes: arg dec. oct. hex. HEX. ±d.dd ±d.dde±dd	strtod(s1,*s2) long	points to char in s1 that terminated the scan/0/ ASCII to long conversion, base n; on return, *s2	int system(s) *	longjmp) execute s as if it were typed at terminal; returns exit status /-1/
short hd	strtol(s1,*s2,n) unsigned long	points to char in s1 that terminated the scan /0/ ASCII to unsigned long conversion (see	Searching and sorting	stdlib.h
int d 6 decimal digits	strtoul (s1,*s2,n) File handling and input/outpu		void *bsearch(void *key, void *base,	binary search in array base (sul elements, each su2 bytes large), using function cmp for
unsigned int u o x X long 1d unsigned long 1 u 1o 1x 1X	void clearerr(f)	reset error (incl. EOF) on file	sul, su2, int (*cmp)(void	comparison; cmp must return negativ if ck <ce, Ø if ck=ce, positiv if ck>ce</ce,
float, double f e	<pre>int fclose(f) int feof(f)</pre>	close file /EOF/ (Ø) TRUE if end-of-file on f	*ck, void *ce)) void gsort (void	quick sort of array base (sul elements, each
long double Lf Le i same as d	<pre>int ferror(f) int fflush(f)</pre>	TRUE if I/O error on f write buffered output to f /EOF/ (0)	<pre>*base, su1, su2, int (*cmp)(void</pre>	su2 bytes large), using function cmp for comparison; (for cmp see bsearch)
 a pointer, void * (implementation-defined) store how many characters have been displayed, arg is int *, no output 	<pre>int fgetc(f) int fgetpos(f,*fl)</pre>	read next char from f /EOF/ get the file position indicator to f1/TRUE/(0)	<pre>*ck, void *ce))</pre>	
 hn store how many characters have been displayed, arg is short *, no output 1n store how many characters have been displayed, arg is long *, no output 	<pre>char *fgets(s,n,f) TLF *femer(cl.cl)</pre>	read n-1 chars from f unless newline or end-of- file reached; newline is stored in s if read /NULL/	String manipulation char *strcat(s1,s2)	string.h concatenate s2 to end of s1; rtn s1
E same as e except display E before exponent instead of e g a double in f or e format, whichever takes less space w/o losing precision G a double in f or E format, whichever takes less space w/o losing precision	FILE *fopen(s1,s2)	open file s1, mode s2: "w"=write, "r"=read, "a"=append, "b"=binary, "+"=update /NULL/ write state for the state of the sta	<pre>char *strchr(s,c) int strcmp(s1,s2)</pre>	return ptr to 1st occurence of c in s /NULL/ compare s1 and s2; returns <Ø, Ø, >Ø if s1
c a char	<pre>int fprintf(f,s,) int fputc(c,f) int fputc(c,f)</pre>	write args to f using format s (see printf) write c to f; rtn c /EOF/ write s to f /EOF/ (≥0)	char *strcpy(s1,s2)	
 s a null-terminated char string (null not required if precision is given) % itself 	int fputs(s,f) size_t fread	read su2 data items from f into v; su1 is number bytes of each item /0/ (bytes read/su1)	<pre>size_t strcspn(s1,s2)</pre>	search the first s1[i] that equals any element of s2; rtn i
NOTES: characters in the format string not preceded by % are literally printed;	(v,sul,su2,f) FILE *froopon(s1,s2,f)	close f and open s1 with mode s2 (see	char *strerror(n)	return a pointer to string that message corrensponds to errorcode n
floating point formats display both floats and doubles; integer formats can display chars, short ints or ints.	<pre>*freopen(s1,s2,f) int fscanf(f,s,) int fseek(f,1,n)</pre>	fopen) read args from f using format s (see scanf) position file pointer; if n=seek_set, 1 is offset	size_t strlen(s) char *strncat	length of s (not incl. NULL) concatenate at most su chars from s2 to end of
EXAMPLE:		from beginning; if n=seek_cur, from current pos.; if n=seek_end, from end of file /TRUE/ (0)	(s1,s2,su) int	s1; rtn s1 compare at most su chars from s1 to s2; (see
<pre>printf("%o + %#X is %+Ø*d",31,31,5,31+31); Produces: 37 + ØX1F is +ØØ62</pre>	int fsetpos(f,*fl) long ftell(f)	sets the file position to $f1$ (0) /TRUE/ current offset from the beginning of the file /-1L/	strncmp(s1,s2,su) char	copy at most su chars from s2 to s1; if s2 is
printf("%f %g %#.Øf %.2g",3.14,3.14,3.14,3.14);	<pre>size_t fwrite(v,sul, su2, f)</pre>	write su2 data items to f from v; su1 is number of bytes of each item /0/ (bytes		shorter than su, null bytes are appended; rtn s1
Produces: 3.14ØØØØ 3.14 3. 3.1 FORMATTED INPUT	int getc(f)	written/su1) read next char from f /EOF/	char *strpbrk(s1,s2) char *strrchr(s,c)	<pre>searches the first s1[i] that equals any element of s2; return &s1[i] return pointer to last occurrence of c in s /NULL/</pre>
scanf is used to read data from standard input. To read data from a particular	int getchar() char *gets(s)	read next char from stdin /EOF/ read chars into s from stdin until newline or	size_t strspn(s1,s2)	search the first s1[i] that equals none of the element of s2; rtn i
file, use fscanf . To 'read' data from a character array, use sscanf . The general format of a scanf call is :	void perror(s)	eof reached; newline not stored /NULL/ write s followed by descr. of last err. to stderr	char *strstr(s1,s2) char *strstr(s1,s2)	search the first substring in s1 that matches s2
scanf (format, arg1, arg2,)	<pre>int printf(s,)</pre>	write args to stdout per format s ; return number of characters written /<0/		second call s1=NULL; s2 may different from call to call; return the ptr to token or NULL
where format is a character string describing the data to be read and arg1 , arg2 , point to where the read-in data are to be stored. The format of	<pre>int putc(c,f) int putchar(c)</pre>	write c to f ; rtn c /EOF/ call fputc(c,stdout)	Time	time.h
an item in the format string is : %[*][size]type	int puts(s) int remove(s)	write s and newline to stdout /EOF/ (≥0) removes the file named s (0) /TRUE/	char *asctime(*tm) clock_t clock()	convert tm struct to string; rtn ptr to it CPU time in 1.0/CLOCKS_PER_SEC seconds
* : specifies that the field is to be skipped and not assigned (i.e., no corresponding ptr is supplied in arg list)	int rename(s1,s2) void rewind(f)	rename the file named s1 to file s2 (0) /-1/ rewind f; calls fseek(f,ØL,SEEK_SET)	char *ctime(*tl)	since program startup /-1/ convert time ptd to by t1 to string; rtn ptr to it
<u>size</u> : a number giving the maximal size of the field	int scanf(s,)	read args from stdin per format s; return number of values read or EOF	<pre>double difftime(tll,tl2)</pre>	difference t11-t12 in seconds
<u>type</u> : indicates the type of value being read : arg is ptr to dec. oct. hex. HEX. <u>td.dd or td.ddetdd</u>	<pre>void setbuf(f,s)</pre>	<pre>if s<>NULL Calls setvbuf(f,s,_IOFBF,BUFSIZ) otherwise calls setvbuf(f,NULL,_IONBF,BUFSIZ)</pre>	<pre>struct tm *qmtime(*tl)</pre>	convert time pointed to by t1 to Universal Time Coordinated (UTC) (formerly GMT)
short hd	<pre>int setvbuf(f,s,n,su)</pre>	sets buffering mode for f, the buffer is s with size su, n must be one ofIOFBF (full	<pre>struct tm *localtime(*tl)</pre>	convert time pointed to by t1 to local time
unsigned short hu ho hx hX int d unsigned int u o x X		buffering), _tolbr (line buffering), _tonbr (no buffering) (0) /TRUE/	time_t mktime (struct tm *tptr)	
unsigned int u o x X long 1d unsigned long 1 u 1o 1x 1X	int sprintf(s1,s2,)	write args to buffer s1 per format s2 (see printf)	<pre>size_t strftime(s1, su, s2, struct tm *tptr)</pre>	write tptr to buffer s1 per format s2; buffer size is su; rtn number of characters stored /0/
Instruction Instruction <thinstruction< th=""> <thinstruction< th=""></thinstruction<></thinstruction<>	int sscanf(s1,s2,…) FILE *tmpfile()	read args from s1 per format s2; (see scanf) create temporary file, open with "wb+" mode; return ptr to it /NULL/	struct tm *tptr) time_t time(*tl)	returns time & date in seconds; if t1<>NULL,
long double Lf, Le, LE, Lg, LG	char *tmpnam(s)	generate temporary file name; place result in s if s<>NULL (L_tmpnam size buffer); rtn ptr to name		time is stored in *t1; convert time returned with ctime, localtime or gmtime /-1/
 i same as d p pointer (same as in printf), arg type is void ** 	int ungetc(c,f) int vfprintf(f,s,ap)	insert c back into file f (as c wasn't read) /EOF/	Variable-type and number of type	arguments stdarg.h get next argument; ap must be initialized by
 n store number of chars have been matched, arg is int * , no input hn store number of chars have been matched, arg is short * , no input 	<pre>int vprintf(s,ap)</pre>	same as printf with variable argument list ap; va_start must be called before and	va_arg(ap, <i>type</i>) void va_end(ap)	va_start; the argument type must be type end variable argument list
store number of chars have been matched, arg is long *, no input single character, arg is char[] string of chars terminated by a white-space character, arg is char[]	int	<pre>va_end after the function see vprintf and sprintf</pre>	void va_start(ap, <i>pN</i>)	start variable argument list; <i>pN</i> is the parameter just before the () in the function prototype
 s string of chars terminated by a white-space character, arg is char[] % itself (] string of chars terminated by any char not enclosed between the [and]; 	vsprintf(s1,s2,ap) Math	math.h,stdlib.h(*)		D LINE ARGUMENTS
L] sum of crars terminated by any crar not enclosed between the Land J, if first char in brackets is A, then following chars are string terminators instead.	int errno (errno.h) detect	s range error (ERANGE) and domain error (EDOM).		command line when a program is executed are
NOTES:	double acos(d)	absolute value of n arccosine of d $ \emptyset $ [\emptyset,π]	argc is a count of the number	r of arguments +1;
A scan function returns when: – It reaches the terminating null in the format string. – It cannot obtain additional input characters to scan.	<pre>double asin(d) double atan(d) double atan2(d1 d2)</pre>	arcsine of $\mathbf{d} / [0] [-\pi/2, +\pi/2]$ arctangent of $\mathbf{d} [-\pi/2, +\pi/2]$	argv[Ø] points to the name	pointers that point to each argument. of the program executed.
 A conversion fails. 	<pre>double atan2(d1,d2) double ceil(d) double cos(d)</pre>	arctangent of d1/d2 [-π,+π] smallest integer not less than d cosine of d (d in radians)	argv[argc] equal NULL po Use sscanf to convert argu	uments stored in argv to other data types. For
Any chars in format string not preceded by % will literally match chars on input (e.g. scanf("value=%d",&ival); will match chars "value=" on input, followed by an integer which will be read and stored in ival.	double cos(d) double cosh(d) div_t div(n1,n2) *	hiperbolic cosine of d	example: check phone 35.7	
Whitespace in format string matches the longest possible sequence of the zero or more whitespace characters on input.	double exp(d)	(.rem) of division n1/n2 e to the d-th power /HUGE_VAL/	starts execution of a program c argc = 3	
EXAMPLE:		absolute value of d	argv[Ø] = "check	argv[2] = "35.79"
	double fabs(d) double floor(d)		argv[1] = "phone	argv[3] = NULL
sscanf("12Free of charge 21", "%X%c%*[^ab]%2s%d",&i,&c,text.&i):	<pre>double floor(d) double fmod(d1,d2) double frexp(d,*n)</pre>	largest integer not greater than d d1 modulo d2 returns x in interval [½,1], and d=x*2 ⁿ	argv[1] = "phone To convert number in argv[2	" argv[3] = NULL 2], use sscanf. For example :
<pre>sscanf("12Free of charge 21",</pre>	double floor(d)	largest integer not greater than d d1 modulo d2 returns x in interval [½,1], and d=x*2 ⁿ	argv[1] = "phone To convert number in argv[2 int main (int ar { float amou	" argv[3] = NULL 2], use sscanf. For example : gc, char *argv[])