

**NOTE TO THE PROOF OF FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM: THE  
CONSTANTS.**

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Reminder:

- $\varepsilon_1$  - size of boundary layer (can be fixed arbitrarily in  $(0, 1)$ );
- $\varepsilon_2$  - smallness of angles  $\angle(S_{-n}, e^s)$  and of  $\angle(S_n, e^u)$  for  $n \geq n_0$ ;
- $\varepsilon_3$  - badness parameter in bad parallelograms of type (ii)  
**N. B.** for singular hyperbolic algebraic automorphism of torus  
it can be chosen just  $\varepsilon_3 = \varepsilon_1$ ;
- $F(\delta) : (0, \delta_0) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_+$  fixed function, s. t.  $\lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} F(\delta) = \infty$ , so  
as the total measure of  $\delta$ -neighborhoods of double singulari-  
ties up to order  $F(\delta)$  be of  $o(\delta)$ .

Task: bound the total measure of bad parallelograms of type (ii)  
(intersecting exactly one singularity of order  $n_0 \leq j \leq F(\delta)$ ) and,  
moreover, such that for at least one  $s$ -side  $E^s$  one has

$$(1) \quad \mu(G_i^\delta \cap [E^s]^{[\varepsilon_1 \delta]} \cap U_{ic}) \leq \frac{\varepsilon_1}{4} \mu(G_i^\delta)$$

**Claim:** if  $G_i^\delta$  intersects at most one regular piece of singularity  $\mathcal{R}$  of  $T^{F(\delta)}$   
and for a  $y \in G_i^\delta$   $\gamma_{\text{loc}}^s(y)$  does not intersect  $G_i^\delta$  correctly, then necessarily

$$(2) \quad y \in G_i^\delta \cap \mathcal{R}^{[\varepsilon_2 \delta]} \cup U_\omega^b$$

The claim is straightforward.

Take a  $G_i^\delta$  bad of type (ii). Then, in at least one boundary layer  
 $G_i^\delta \cap [E^s]^{[\varepsilon_1 \delta]}$  inequality (1) holds. In this layer, too,

$$\mu(G_i^\delta \cap \mathcal{R}^{[\varepsilon_2 \delta]}) \leq \varepsilon_2 \delta^2$$

by simple geometry. By (1)

$$\mu((G_i^\delta \cap [E^s]^{[\varepsilon_1 \delta]}) \setminus U_{ic}) > \frac{3\varepsilon_1}{4} \mu(G_i^\delta)$$

Because of (2) then

$$(3) \quad \mu(G_i^\delta \cap U_\omega^b) \geq \mu(G_i^\delta \cap [E^s]^{[\varepsilon_1 \delta]} \cap U_\omega^b) \geq \frac{3\varepsilon_1}{4} \delta^2 - \varepsilon_2 \delta^2$$

You prescribe  $\varepsilon_1$  arbitrarily. I select  $\varepsilon_2 < \frac{\varepsilon_1}{2}$ . Then by (3) for a bad parallelogram of type (ii)

$$\mu(G_i^\delta \cap U_\omega^b) \geq \frac{\varepsilon_1}{2} \mu(G_i^\delta)$$

All in all

$$4\mu(U_\omega^b) \geq \Sigma' \mu(G_i^\delta \cap U_\omega^b) \geq \frac{\varepsilon_1}{2} \Sigma' \mu(G_i^\delta)$$

where the summation  $\Sigma'$  is taken for bad parallelograms of type (ii) (the constant 4 appears because of the regularity of the covering). Finally by the tail bound we obtain the required inequality for the measure of the union of bad parallelograms of type (ii).