

Eredmények

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, hétfő

A

1.

$$\sqrt[4]{19 + 8\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{3} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

4

$$\sqrt[3]{7^{\text{Log}[\sqrt{7}, 2] - \text{Log}[49, 1/4]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2

2.

$$\left(\frac{x^2 - y^2}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{(x+y)^2} - \frac{1}{(x-y)^2}\right) / \left(\frac{1}{x+y} - \frac{1}{x-y}\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

x

3.

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{x^9} \sqrt{x}}{x^2 \sqrt{x}}} \sqrt[8]{x^9} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

x²

5.

$$\frac{2x^2(x-2)^2(x+1)^2 - (2x^2 - 4x)(x^2 - 1)^2}{(x-2)^4(x+1)^2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$- \frac{2x}{(-2+x)^3}$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, hétfő

B

1.

$$\sqrt{27 + 10\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

5

$$\sqrt[5]{5^{\text{Log}[\sqrt{5}, 4] - \text{Log}[125, 1/8]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2

2.

$$\left(\frac{a^2 - b^2}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{(a-b)^2} - \frac{1}{(a+b)^2}\right) / \left(\frac{1}{a-b} - \frac{1}{a+b}\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

a

3.

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{\sqrt{x^{12}} \sqrt{x}}{x^4 \sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$x^{1/4}$

5.

$$\frac{(x+2)^4 (x-1)^2}{(2x^2 + 4x)(x^2 - 1)^2 - 2x^2(x+2)^2(x-1)^2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{(2+x)^3}{2x}$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, kedd

A

1.

$$(\sqrt{5})^{\text{Log}[25,16]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2

$$\sqrt{100^{2-\text{Log}[10,5]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

20

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{27}}\right)^{\text{Log}[3,4]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

 $\frac{1}{8}$

8

2.

$$\left(\frac{x^2 - 3x + 1}{x^3 - 1} + \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{x-1}{3x + (x-1)^2}\right) / \frac{x^2 + 1}{x-1} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+x+x^2}$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x^4} \sqrt[3]{x} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^{-6}} \sqrt{x^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{3/4}$$

4.

`Reduce[5 - Abs[2 x + 1] > 0, x, Reals] (*értelmezési tartomány*)`

`Reduce[5 - Abs[2 x + 1] == 1, x, Reals] (*zérushely*)`

$$-3 < x < 2$$

$$x == -\frac{5}{2} \quad || \quad x == \frac{3}{2}$$

5.

`a = 0.8; b = 800;`

`Reduce[a (a x + b) + b == 6000, x]`

$$x == 7125.$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, kedd

B

1.

$$(7)^{\text{Log}[\sqrt{7}, 3]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

9

$$\sqrt{36^{1-\text{Log}[6, 10]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

 $\frac{3}{5}$

5

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{125}}\right)^{\text{Log}[5, 4]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

 $\frac{1}{8}$

8

2.

$$\frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 1} // \left(\frac{x^2 + 3x + 1}{x^3 + 1} + \frac{1}{x + 1} + \frac{x + 1}{3x - (x + 1)^2} \right) // \text{Apart}$$

$$1 - x + x^2$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt[4]{x} \frac{\sqrt[6]{x^{-3}} \sqrt{x^3}}{\sqrt{x}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{3/8}$$

4.

`Reduce[Abs[4 x - 3] - 10 > 0, x, Reals] (*értelmezési tartomány*)`

`Reduce[Abs[4 x - 3] - 10 == 1, x, Reals] (*zérushely*)`

$$x < -\frac{7}{4} \quad || \quad x > \frac{13}{4}$$

$$x == -2 \quad || \quad x == \frac{7}{2}$$

5.

`a = 0.8; b = 1000;`

`Reduce[a (a x + b) + b == 7000, x]`

`x == 8125.`

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, szerda

A

1.

$$\sqrt[3]{4^{6 - \text{Log}[\sqrt{2}, 8]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$1$$

$$25^{1 + \text{Log}[5, 2]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

100

2.

$$\left(\frac{2x}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{4x}{x^2-1} \right) \left(\frac{2x}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{4x}{x^2-1} \right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$4$$

3.

$$\sqrt{x^6} \sqrt[5]{x} \sqrt{x^8} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{7/3}$$

4.

$$\frac{4(x+2)(x-1)^4 - (x-1)^2(x+2)^3}{x(x+2)^4(x-1)^2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{3(-4+x)}{(2+x)^3}$$

5.

$$x = 10; y = 15; z = 20;$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}} \text{ (*együttes munkával az össződő*)}$$

N[%]

$$\frac{60}{13}$$

4.61538

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, szerda

B

1.

$$\sqrt[3]{9^{6-\text{Log}[\sqrt{3}, 27]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

1

$$36^{1-\text{Log}[6, 2]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

9

2.

$$\left(\frac{a}{a-1} - \frac{1}{a+1} - \frac{2a}{a^2-1} \right) \left(\frac{a}{a-1} - \frac{1}{a+1} + \frac{2a}{a^2-1} \right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

1

3.

$$\sqrt{x^4} \sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{x^9} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}{\sqrt{x^5}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

 $x^{7/4}$

4.

$$\frac{x(x-2)^4(x+1)^2}{4(x-2)(x+1)^4 - (x+1)^2(x-2)^3} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{(-2+x)^3}{3(4+x)}$$

5.

$$x = 4; y = 6; z = 10;$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}} (*\text{együttes munkával az össződő}*)$$

N[%]

$$\frac{60}{31}$$

1.93548

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, csütörtök **A**

1.

$$16^{\text{Log}[8,27] + \text{Log}[2,1/3]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

1

$$\left(\sqrt{2}\right)^{\text{Log}[8,64]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2

$$\frac{5^{2015} - 5^{2013}}{5^{2013} - 5^{2014}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

-6

2.

$$\left(\frac{a^2 - 3ab}{a+b} + b\right) // \left(\frac{a}{a+b} - \frac{b}{b-a} - \frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2}\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

a - b

3.

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{x^{-2}}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt[4]{x^3}}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^{1/3}}$$

4.

$$f[x_] := \text{Log}[1/3, x]$$

$$g[x_] := \sqrt{x^2 + 17}$$

$$f[g[8]]$$

$$g[f[9]]$$

-2

$$\sqrt{21}$$

5.

$$\text{Reduce}[1 + 4x - 2x^2 > 0, x, \text{Reals}] \text{ (*értelmezési tartomány*)}$$

$$\text{Reduce}[1 + 4x - 2x^2 == 1, x, \text{Reals}] \text{ (*zérushely*)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (2 - \sqrt{6}) < x < \frac{1}{2} (2 + \sqrt{6})$$

$$x == 0 \text{ || } x == 2$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, csütörtök **B**

1.

$$81^{\text{Log}[27,8] + \text{Log}[3,1/2]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

1

$$(\sqrt{2})^{\text{Log}[4,16]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2

$$\frac{7^{2016} - 7^{2014}}{7^{2014} - 7^{2015}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

-8

2.

$$\left(\frac{x}{x-y} - \frac{y}{x+y} + \frac{2xy}{x^2 - y^2} \right) / \left(\frac{x^2 + 3xy}{x-y} - y \right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+y}$$

3.

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{x^{-3}}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x^4}}} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^3} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{1/3}$$

4.

$$f[x_] := \text{Log}[1/4, x]$$

$$g[x_] := \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 - 1}}$$

$$f[g[3]]$$

$$g[f[16]]$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3^{1/3}}$$

5.

$$\text{Reduce}[1 - 6x - 2x^2 > 0, x, \text{Reals}] \text{ (*értelmezési tartomány*)}$$

$$\text{Reduce}[1 - 6x - 2x^2 == 1, x, \text{Reals}] \text{ (*zérushely*)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(-3 - \sqrt{15}) < x < \frac{1}{2}(-3 + \sqrt{15})$$

$$x == \frac{1}{2}(-3 - \sqrt{13}) \text{ || } x == \frac{1}{2}(-3 + \sqrt{13})$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, péntek

A

1.

$$25^{\text{Log}[\sqrt{5}, 2]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$16$$

$$\sqrt{81^{1 - \text{Log}[2, \sqrt{2}]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$3$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{\text{Log}[4, 81]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

2.

$$\left(\frac{3y^2}{x^4 + xy^3} - \frac{1}{x^2 + xy} - \frac{y}{x^3 - x^2y + xy^2}\right) \left(y - \frac{x^2}{x-y}\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{x}$$

3.

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^{-1} \sqrt[3]{x}} \sqrt[5]{x^{12} \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x^3}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{2/3}$$

5.

$$\frac{(x-2)^3 (x+1)^2 - (x+1)^3 (x-2)^2}{(x^2-1)^4 (x-2)}$$

$$- \frac{3(-2+x)}{(-1+x)^4 (1+x)^2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

2015-2016/1. Bevezető matematika, 1. zárthelyi, péntek

B

1.

$$49^{\text{Log}[\sqrt{7}, 2]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$16$$

$$\sqrt{16^{1-\text{Log}[5, \sqrt{5}]}} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{\text{Log}[9, 16]} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

2.

$$\left(a - \frac{b^2}{b-a}\right) \left(\frac{3a^2}{a^3b+b^4} - \frac{1}{ab+b^2} - \frac{a}{a^2b-ab^2+b^3}\right) // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{1}{b}$$

3.

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^{-2} \sqrt{x^3}} \sqrt[4]{x^{15} \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x^7}} // \text{PowerExpand}$$

$$x^{1/8}$$

5.

$$\frac{(x^2 - 1)^4 (x + 3)}{(x + 3)^3 (x + 1)^2 - (x + 1)^3 (x + 3)^2} // \text{FullSimplify}$$

$$\frac{(-1 + x)^4 (1 + x)^2}{2 (3 + x)}$$