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$$1) \begin{cases} u''_{tt}(0, t) = 4 u''_{xx}(0, t) \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \\ u'_t(x, 0) = \begin{cases} 3 & 0 \leq x \leq 10 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$u(-1, 2) = ?$$

$$\Rightarrow c = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \frac{f(x+ct) + f(x-ct)}{2} + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} g(\tau) d\tau$$

$$\Rightarrow f \equiv 0$$

$$\Rightarrow u(-1, 2) = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-5}^3 g(\tau) d\tau = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^3 3 d\tau = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{4}}}$$

$$2/ \vec{F}(x, y) = (-5(x^2 + y^2))y, 5(x^2 + y^2)x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{curl}(\vec{F}) &= (5(x^2 + y^2)x)'_x - (-5(x^2 + y^2)y)'_y \\ &= 10x^2 + 5(y^2) - (-10y^2 - 5(x^2)) \\ &= 15x^2 + 5y^2 + 5x^2 + 15y^2 = 20x^2 + 20y^2 \neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow$ not conservative!

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$$b) \vec{F}(\underline{r}(t)) =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-5(4\cos^2(t) + 4\sin^2(t))2\sin(t), 5(4\cos^2(t) + 4\sin^2(t))2\cos(t)) \\ & = (-40\sin(t), 40\cos(t)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{\underline{r}}(t) = (-2\sin(t), 2\cos(t))$$

$$\vec{F}(\underline{r}(t)) \cdot \dot{\underline{r}}(t) = 80\sin^2(t) + 80\cos^2(t) = 80$$

$$\int_{\gamma} \vec{F}(\underline{r}) d\underline{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} 80 dt = \underline{\underline{160\pi}}$$

$$3) \operatorname{div} \vec{G} = 3x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 \quad \mathcal{F} := \text{surface of the unit sphere}$$

$$! \mathcal{B} := \text{unit ball}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_{\mathcal{F}} \vec{G} d\vec{A} &= \iiint_{\mathcal{B}} \operatorname{div}(\vec{G}) dx dy dz = \\ &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (3(r\sin(u)\cos(v))^2 + 3(r\sin(u)\sin(v))^2 + 3(r\cos(u))^2) du dv dr \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi 3r^2 \, du \, dv \, dr = 6\pi^2 \int_0^1 r^2 \, dr =$$

$$= 6\pi^2 \left[\frac{r^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = \underline{\underline{2\pi^2}}$$