

1. Solve the following systems of linear equations using Cramer's rule!

$$\begin{aligned}x + y + z &= 10 \\x + 2y + 3z &= 23 \\x + 4y + 9z &= 59\end{aligned}$$

2. Compute the inverse of the following matrix with the help of determinants!

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Compute the following determinants (as short as possible)!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \text{b)} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} & \text{c)} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c+d & c^2+d^2 \end{vmatrix} & \text{d)} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & \ddots & 0 \\ 0 & \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}_{(n \times n)} \end{aligned}$$

4. Determine the rank of the following matrix. Find a maximal nonzero subdeterminant!

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The problem sheets are available on the homepage of the lecturer: www.math.bme.hu/~merdelyi/bevalg1/