MATH302, July 29: Some exercises on the normal distribution

Recall:

A r.v. X is normally distributed with parameters μ and σ if X has the following p.d.f.:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}$$
 for all $-\infty < x < \infty$.

If X is normally distributed with parameters μ and σ , then we write $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma)$. We have

$$\mathbf{E}(X) = \mu, \qquad \sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(X)} = \sigma.$$

Standard normal distribution:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2}, \qquad X \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1).$$

Standardization:

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma), \quad Z := \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma} \implies Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$

Table of the standard normal cumulative density function Φ contains the values of

$$\Phi(z) := \mathbf{P}(Z \le z) = \int_{-\infty}^{z} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} \,\mathrm{d}x \qquad \text{where } Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1), \ z \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Remember:

$$\Phi(-z) = 1 - \Phi(z), \quad \Phi(0) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \mathbf{P}(Z \ge z) = 1 - \Phi(z).$$

Exercises:

- 1. The annual rainfall in Rain city in centimetres is distributed as a normal random variable with mean $\mu = 110$ cm, and standard deviation $\sigma = 10$ cm.
 - (a) Find $\mathbf{P}(\text{annual rainfall exceeds 135 cm})$.
 - (b) Find $\mathbf{P}(\text{annual rainfall is between 95 and 125 cm})$.
 - (c) Find $\mathbf{P}(\text{it will take more than 10 years until the annual rainfall exceeds 135 cm})$.
- 2. The annual return of a stock is normally distributed with mean 10% and standard deviation 12%. If I buy 100 shares at \$60 each, what is the probability that after one year my net profit is at least \$750?
- 3. The scores of a test given to 100,000 students are normally distributed with mean 500 and standard deviation 100. What score will place a student in the top 10%?